

Per and Poly Fluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS): Why all the Fuss?

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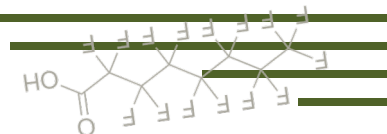
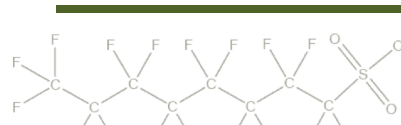
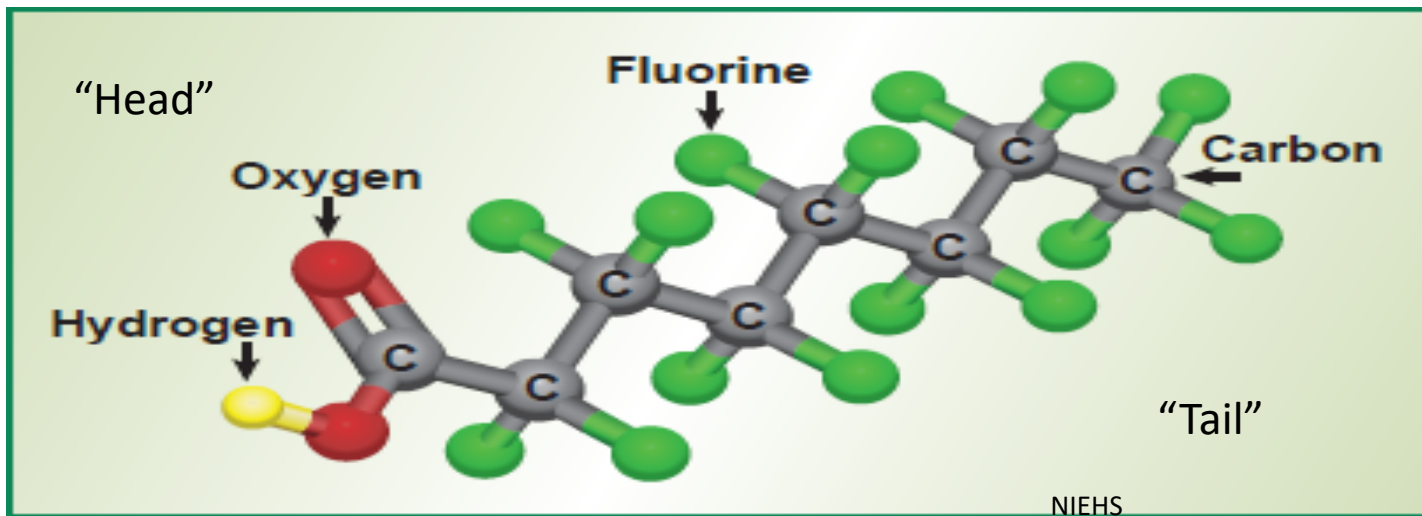
Background

- What are PFAS?
- Chemical Properties
- PFAS Uses and Sources
- Why are PFAS a Problem?
- Possible Health Effects
- Evolving Science/Regulations



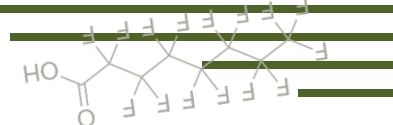
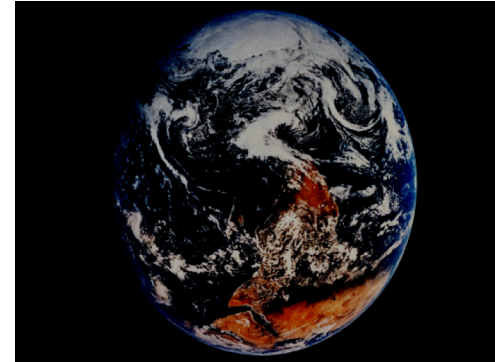
What Are They?

- **Poly and per fluoroalkyl substances**
- Chemical structure: A head (water soluble) and carbon chain tail with fluorine (water insoluble)



Chemical Properties

- Extremely stable
 - Heat resistant
 - Stain resistant
 - Water repellent
- “Forever chemicals”
 - Very persistent in the environment; do not readily biodegrade
 - Global impacts
- Water soluble



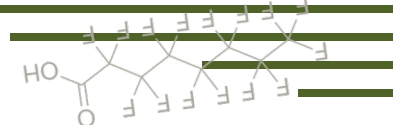
PFAS Uses

- Widely used since the 1950's: PFOS and PFOA phased out 2006
- Thousands of compounds
- Textile treatments: stain resistance/water repellency
- Paper coatings: grease resistant
- "Waxes": some floor, car, ski
- Some hairsprays
- Some "waterproof" down
- Manufacturing
- Aqueous Fire-fighting Foam (AFFF)



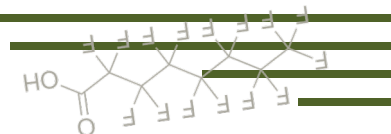
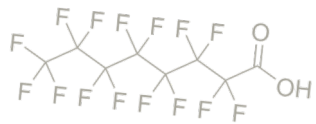
Why Are PFAS a Problem?

- Slowly excreted from the body – half lives of years (1-8+ for longer-chain)
- Some can bioaccumulate into fish, wildlife
- Water solubility → drinking water contamination
- Some are very toxic
- Persistence in environment



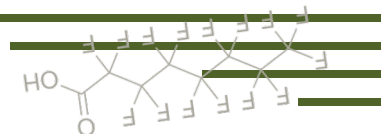
Wide Range of Health Risks

- Developmental risks to fetus/infants
 - Cross placenta; expressed in breast milk
- Reduced immune responses to vaccines in children
- Endocrine disruption
 - Thyroid hormone effects
- Cancers
 - Kidney; testes: human evidence
 - Pancreas; liver: lab animal evidence



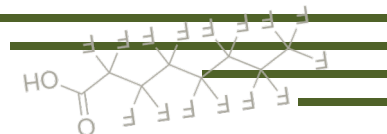
Evolving Science/Regulations

- Hundreds of publications every year
- Drinking water advisories and standards “fluid”
- EPA drinking water advisory **only** for PFOS and PFOA
 - 70 ppt: most states using by default
- Limited data on others
- Several states (NJ, VT, NH; MI; NY, MN, CA, CT) have lower values than EPA and/or included additional compounds



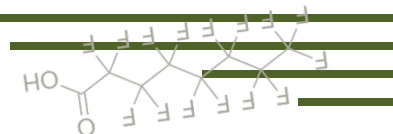
MassDEP Actions to Date

- Drinking Water
- Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup
- Wastewater Residuals
- Other



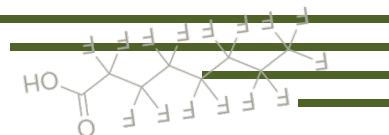
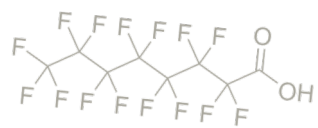
Drinking Water Program Status

- Guideline adopted for 5 PFAS
- Drinking water standards process initiated
- New public water supply sources are required to test before they are placed on-line
- Statewide PWS testing data for PFAS posted on web
- Targeted sampling program initiated
- Drinking water lab certification
- Established “High Priority” status for treatment projects seeking Drinking Water State Revolving Fund financing



MA Drinking Water Guideline

- MA Office of Research and Standards Guideline for Drinking Water (ORSG) Adopted June 12, 2018
- 70 ppt for PFOS, PFOA, plus **PFHxS, PFHpA, PFNA**
 - Relied on EPA Health Advisory values for PFOS and PFOA
 - Extended to very closely related compounds that have less extensive data
 - Based on similarities in chemical structures; half lives; toxicity
 - Approach also used by CT; VT
 - Reviewed and unanimously endorsed by MassDEP Health Effects Advisory Committee



Recent Drinking Water Developments

- CLF/TAC PFAS Petition

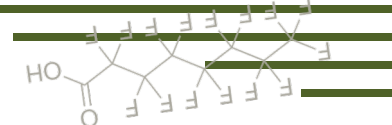


- In summary, called on MassDEP to adopt a “treatment standard” for all PFAS in drinking water

- MassDEP agreed to initiate MCL process and to further consider proposal

- ORSG under reconsideration

- MCL process initiated



What is Changing?

- On April 19th, MassDEP proposed a groundwater cleanup standard (GW-1) of 20 ppt for Σ 6 PFAS
 - For ground water used as drinking water based on an updated review of available toxicology data
 - This value is not yet final
- Revised ORSG and drinking water standard (MCL) will be informed by this standard



Why the Selected Compounds?

- 2018 OSRG = Considered all 6 PFAS included in UCMR 3 monitoring program
 - Five longer chain compounds (C6-C9)
 - One shorter (C4)
- Update:
 - EPA Method 537.1 analytes
 - +/- 2 carbons from PFOS/PFOA
 - 7 compounds total PFNA; PFHxS; PFHpA; PFHxA; PFDA (PFOS, PFOA)
 - PFHxA (C6) not included: much less toxic and shorter serum half-life
 - PFDA added: long $T^{1/2}$; similar tox. based on limited data

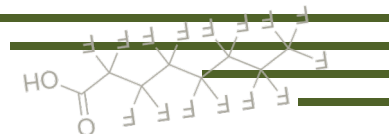
Drinking Water Values for PFAS

(parts per trillion; ppt) (Sept. 2019)

	PFOS	PFOA	PFNA	PFHxS	PFHpA	PFDA
USEPA Health Advisories	70 Sum of two		NA	NA	NA	NA
ATSDR Based on draft ATSDR toxicity values	7	11	10	70	NA	NA
NY Recommended MCL	10	10	NA	NA	NA	NA
NJ MCL or recommended	13	14	13	NA	NA	NA
CA Notification levels	6.5	5.1	NA	NA	NA	NA
VT GW standard/legislative	20 Sum of five					NA
MI Health-based values	16	8	6	51	NA	PFNA value
MN Drinking water guidelines	15	35	NA	47	NA	NA
NH MCLs	15	12	11	18	NA	NA
CT Action Levels	70 Sum of five					NA
MA Current ORSG	70 (2018 ORSG) → 20 (proposed GW-1 standard) Sum of five → Sum of six (adds PFDA)					
Most other states (EPA value by default)	70		NA	NA	NA	NA

Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup Program Status

- Guidance on sampling at disposal sites regulated under the Massachusetts Contingency Plan issued
- Draft MA Hazardous Waste Site Cleanup Program (MCP) standards proposed April 2019:
 - Groundwater as drinking water = 20 ppt for sum of 6 PFAS
 - Soil standards – under reconsideration due to recent data on background levels
 - Public comment period closed in July
 - MassDEP finalizing response to comments and standards by end of the year



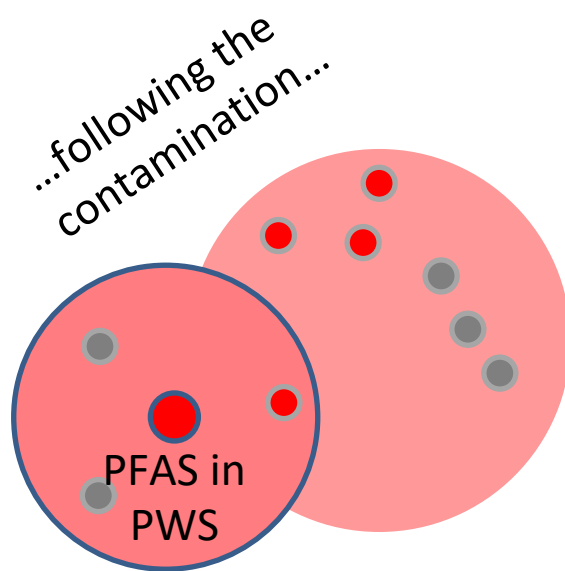
MCP PFAS Standards Public Comments

- Which PFAS Should be Regulated?
 - Include all PFAS
 - Include only PFOA and PFOS
 - Add two longer-chain PFAS
 - Delete PFHpA and PFDA
 - Don't regulate any at this time
- Are proposed standards appropriate?
 - They are not health protective and should be lower, 1 ppt
 - They are overly protective and should be higher
 - The proposed values were not explained sufficiently

MCP PFAS Standards Public Comments

- Is MA's additivity approach appropriate?
 - No, it should be applied to all PFAS as a group
 - No, treat as individual compounds/no additive standard is warranted, the compounds are not sufficiently similar
- Other comments:
 - Soil standards are likely below background
 - Soil levels cannot be reliably detected at the specified level
 - Leaching calculations are overly conservative

MassDEP PFAS Site Cleanup Activities

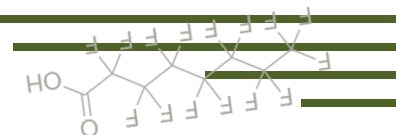
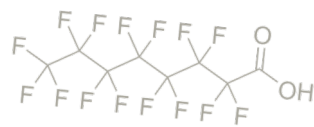


- **Source Discovery**
Issue Requests for Information (RFIs) and
Notices of Responsibility (NORs)
- **Sampling private wells**
near known PFAS-contaminated public wells
(Potential Responsible Party (PRP)-lead or MassDEP-lead)
- **Working w/EPA and Department of Defense**
cleanup & funding issues

MassDEP has issued guidance to Licensed Site Professionals (LSPs) for PFAS investigations
Proposed draft MCP Method I cleanup standards for soil and groundwater – expect to be finalized in 2-3 months.

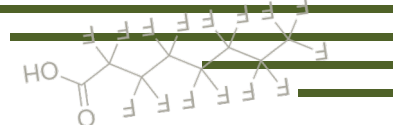
Wastewater and Residuals

- PFAS are in WWTP residuals and wastewater
- Significance remains a question
- MassDEP following developments nationally and in other states
 - Background concentrations in soils
 - Leachability and bioavailability
 - Data from other states (e.g. ME: screening levels exceeded)
- Initial MA data collection underway
 - Approval of Suitability renewals include required PFAS testing
 - As there is no EPA approved method; MassDEP reviewing proposed laboratory methods and data
- Efforts to identify source inputs and industrial pretreatment/ P2 options warranted?



Other Efforts

- PFAS Drinking Water lab certification
- Firefighting foam collection & disposal program implemented
- Request to water bottlers for sampling results
- Interagency and interstate information sharing/coordination
- MassDEP ORS and WES following research and policy developments



Concluding Comments

- Many initiatives underway
- Developing science means standards may well change
- Public attention likely to increase (Dark Waters)
- Questions?

